AGENDA

Special Meeting of the Board of Directors of
San Diego Community Power (SDCP)

August 26, 2021
3:30 p.m.

Due to the public health orders and guidelines in California and in accordance with the Governor’s Executive Orders N-08-21, there will be no location for in-person attendance. SDCP is providing alternatives to in-person attendance for viewing and participating in the meeting. Further details are below.

Note: Any member of the public may provide comments to the SDCP Board of Directors on any agenda item. When providing comments to the Board, it is requested that you provide your name and city of residence for the record. Commenters are requested to address their comments to the Board as a whole through the Chair. Comments may be provided in one of the following manners:

1. Providing Oral Comments During Meeting. To provide comments during the meeting, join the Zoom meeting by computer, mobile phone, or dial-in number. On Zoom video conference by computer or mobile phone, use the “Raise Hand” feature. This will notify the moderator that you wish to speak during a specific item on the agenda or during non-agenda Public Comment. Members of the public will not be shown on video but will be able to speak when called upon. If joining the meeting using the Zoom dial-in number, you can raise your hand by pressing *9. Comments will be limited to three (3) minutes.

2. Written Comments. Written public comments must be submitted prior to the start of the meeting by using this [web form](#). Indicate a specific agenda item when submitting your comment. All written comments received prior to the meeting will be provided to the Board members in writing. In the discretion of the Chair, the first ten (10) submitted comments shall be stated into the record of the meeting. Comments read at the meeting will be limited to the first 400 words. Comments received after the start of the meeting will be collected, sent to the Board members in writing, and be part of the public record.

If you have anything that you wish to be distributed to the Board, please provide it via info@sdcommunitypower.org and it will be distributed to the Members.

The public may participate using the following remote options:

Teleconference Meeting Webinar

https://zoom.us/j/94794075133

Telephone (Audio Only)

(669) 900-6833 or (346) 248-7799 | Webinar ID: 947 9407 5133
Call to Order

Roll Call

PUBLIC COMMENTS ON CLOSED SESSION ITEMS

CLOSED SESSION

1. PUBLIC EMPLOYEE PERFORMANCE EVALUATION PURSUANT TO GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION 54957
   Title: Interim Chief Executive Officer

2. CONFERENCE WITH LABOR NEGOTIATORS PURSUANT TO GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION 54957.6
   Agency designated representatives: Ryan Baron, General Counsel
   Unrepresented employee: Interim Chief Executive Officer

3. PUBLIC EMPLOYEE APPOINTMENT PURSUANT TO GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION 54957
   Title: Chief Executive Officer

REPORT FROM CLOSED SESSION

ADJOURNMENT

Compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act

SDCP Board of Directors meetings comply with the protections and prohibitions of the Americans with Disabilities Act. Individuals with a disability who require a modification or accommodation, including auxiliary aids or services, in order to participate in the public meeting may contact (888) 382-0169 or info@sdcommunitypower.org. Requests for disability-related modifications or accommodations require different lead times and should be provided at least 72-hours in advance of the public meeting.

Availability of Board Documents

Copies of the agenda and agenda packet are available at https://sdcommunitypower.org/resources/meeting-notes/. Late-arriving documents related to a Board meeting item which are distributed to a majority of the Members prior to or during the Board meeting are available for public review as required by law. Previously, public records were available for inspection at the City of San Diego Sustainability Department, located at 1200 Third Ave., Suite 1800, San Diego, CA 92101. However, due to the Governor’s Executive Orders N-25-20 and N-29-20 and the need for social distancing, in-person inspection is now suspended. Public records, including agenda-related documents, can instead be requested electronically at info@sdcommunitypower.org or by mail to SDCP, 815 E Street, Suite 12716, San Diego, CA 92112. The documents may also be posted at the above website.
AGENDA

Regular Meeting of the Board of Directors of San Diego Community Power (SDCP)

August 26, 2021

5:00 p.m.

Due to the public health orders and guidelines in California and in accordance with the Governor’s Executive Orders N-08-21, there will be no location for in-person attendance. SDCP is providing alternatives to in-person attendance for viewing and participating in the meeting. Further details are below.

Note: Any member of the public may provide comments to the SDCP Board of Directors on any agenda item. When providing comments to the Board, it is requested that you provide your name and city of residence for the record. Commenters are requested to address their comments to the Board as a whole through the Chair. Comments may be provided in one of the following manners:

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(669) 900-6833 or (346) 248-7799 | Webinar ID: 947 9407 5133
Welcome

Call to Order

Pledge of Allegiance

Roll Call

Items to be Added, Withdrawn, or Reordered on the Agenda

Public Comments
Opportunity for members of the public to address the Board on any items not on the agenda but within the jurisdiction of the Board. Members of the public may use the web form noted above to provide a comment or request to speak.

Consent Calendar
All matters are approved by one motion without discussion unless a member of the Board of Directors requests a specific item to be removed from the Consent Agenda for discussion. A member of the public may use the web form noted above to comment on any item on the Consent Calendar.

1. Approval of the minutes of the Regular Meeting of the Board of Directors of San Diego Community Power held on May 27, 2021 and June 24, 2021.

2. Modifications to Community Advisory Committee Term End Date and Workplan Approval Timeline.

REGULAR AGENDA
The following items call for discussion or action by the Board of Directors. The Board may discuss and/or take action on any item listed below if the Board is so inclined.

3. Election of Chair and Vice Chair
   Recommendation: Elect a Chair and Vice Chair for FY 2021–2022

4. Operations and Administration Report from the Interim Chief Executive Officer
   Recommendation: Receive and file update on various operational and administration activities.
   - Strategic Plan Update – Bill Carnahan
   - County of San Diego Membership Status – Bill Carnahan
   - New Member Update – Cody Hooven
   - New Office – Cody Hooven
   - Flexible Office/Remote Work Policy – Bill Carnahan
   - Power Resources – Byron Vosburg
   - Metrics/Dashboard – Lucas Utouh
5. Appointment of Eric Washington, Chief Financial Officer, as Treasurer

Recommendation: Adopt Resolution No. 2021-3, a Resolution of the SDCP Board of Directors Appointing the Chief Financial Officer as SDCP's Treasurer

6. Update on Regulatory and Legislative Affairs

Recommendation: Receive and file the update on regulatory and legislative affairs.

7. EEI Agreement Confirmation Between SDG&E and SDCP for Purchase of Long-term Renewable Energy

Recommendation: Approve the EEI Agreement Confirmation Between SDG&E and SDCP and authorize the Interim CEO to execute the agreement in substantially similar form as reviewed and approved to form by General Counsel.

Director Comments

Board Members may briefly provide information to other members of the Board and the public, ask questions of staff, request an item to be placed on a future agenda, or report on conferences, events, or activities related to SDCP business. There is to be no discussion or action taken on comments made by Directors unless authorized by law.

Reports by Management and General Counsel

SDCP Management and General Counsel may briefly provide information to the Board and the public. The Board may engage in discussion if the specific subject matter of the report is identified below, but the Board may not take any action other than to place the matter on a future agenda. Otherwise, there is to be no discussion or action taken unless authorized by law.

ADJOURNMENT

Compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act

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Ave., Suite 1800, San Diego, CA 92101. However, due to the Governor’s Executive Orders N-25-20 and N-29-20 and the need for social distancing, in-person inspection is now suspended. Public records, including agenda-related documents, can instead be requested electronically at info@sdcommunitypower.org or by mail to SDCP, 815 E Street, Suite 12716, San Diego, CA 92112. The documents may also be posted at the above website.
This meeting was conducted utilizing teleconferencing and electronic means consistent with State of California Executive Order N-29-20 dated March 17, 2020, regarding the COVID-19 pandemic.

The Board minutes are prepared and ordered to correspond to the Board Agenda. Agenda Items can be taken out of order during the meeting.

The Agenda Items were considered in the order presented.

WELCOME

CALL TO ORDER

Chair Mosca (Encinitas) called the SDCP Board of Directors meeting to order at 5:01 p.m.

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

Chair Mosca (Encinitas) led the Pledge of Allegiance.

ROLL CALL

PRESENT: Chair Mosca (Encinitas), Vice Chair Padilla (Chula Vista), Director Baber (La Mesa), Director Dedina (Imperial Beach), and Director Montgomery Steppe (San Diego)

ABSENT: None

Also Present: Interim Chief Executive Officer (“CEO”) Carnahan, Chief Operating Officer (“COO”) Hooven, General Counsel Baron, Interim Board Clerk Wiegelman

ITEMS TO BE ADDED, WITHDRAWN, OR REORDERED ON THE AGENDA

There were no additions or deletions to the agenda.

PUBLIC COMMENTS
Interim Board Clerk Wiegelman read aloud the first 400 words of the emailed public comments submitted prior to the start of the Board meeting.

Matthew Greenburgs submitted a comment inquiring about how the Community Choice Aggregation electric rate makes energy cheaper for its businesses.

CONSENT CALENDAR
(Items 1 through 8)

1. Approval of the minutes of the Regular Meeting of the Board of Directors of San Diego Community Power held on March 25, 2021 and April 22, 2021.

   Approved.

2. Amendment to Professional Services Agreement with Maher Accountancy for Accounting Services

   Recommendation: Approve first amendment to Professional Services Agreement with Maher Accountancy to increase the not-to-exceed amount by $37,500 to $241,000 through June 30, 2022 and authorize the Interim CEO to execute the amendment.

   Recommendation was approved.

3. Amendment to Professional Services Agreement with Tosdal APC for Legal and Regulatory Services

   Recommendation: Approve second amendment to Professional Services Agreement with Tosdal APC to increase the not-to-exceed amount by $80,000 for services through FY 21, add a not-to-exceed amount of $240,000 for FY 22 and authorize the Interim CEO to execute the agreement.

   Recommendation was approved.

4. Amendment to Professional Services Agreement with NewGen Strategies and Solutions, LLC for Regulatory Support and Rate-related Analysis

   Recommendation: Approve second amendment to Professional Services Agreement with NewGen Strategies and Solutions, LLC to increase the not-to-exceed amount by $260,000, extend agreement term through FY 22 and authorize the Interim CEO to execute the amendment.

   Recommendation was approved.

5. Amendment to Professional Services Agreement with Keyes & Fox LLP for Legal and Regulatory Services
Recommendation: Approve third amendment to Professional Services Agreement with Keyes & Fox LLP to increase the not-to-exceed amount by $37,500 and authorize the Interim CEO to execute the amendment.

Recommendation was approved.

6. Amendment to Engagement Letter with Best Best & Krieger in the amount of $300,000 for Services through FY22

Recommendation: Approve amendment to Engagement Letter with Best Best & Krieger for $300,000 through June 30, 2022 and authorize the Interim Chief Executive Officer to execute the contract.

Recommendation was approved.

7. Amendment to Professional Services Agreement with Civilian, Inc. for Marketing and Communication Services

Recommendation: Approve first amendment to Professional Services Agreement with Civilian, Inc. in the amount of $143,000 for marketing and communications services, and authorize the Interim CEO to execute the agreement.

Recommendation was approved.

8. Amendment to Professional Services Agreement with Neyenesch Printers in the amount of $277,000 for Services through FY22

Recommendation: Approve amendment to Professional Services Agreement with Neyenesch Printers for $277,000 through June 30, 2022 and authorize the Interim Chief Executive Officer to execute the contract.

Recommendation was approved.

ACTION: Motioned by Director Baber (La Mesa) and seconded by Director Dedina (Imperial Beach) to approve Consent Calendar Items 1 through 8. The motion carried by the following vote:

Vote: 5-0

Yes: Chair Mosca (Encinitas), Vice Chair Padilla (Chula Vista), Director Baber (La Mesa), Director Dedina (Imperial Beach), and Director Montgomery Steppe (San Diego)

No: None

Abstained: None

Absent: None

REGULAR AGENDA

9. Operations and Administration Report from the Interim Chief Executive Officer
Interim CEO Carnahan provided an update on staff discussions with San Diego Gas and Electric (SDG&E), staff discussions with the County of San Diego regarding the County’s interest in joining SDCP, Net Energy Metering, the search for SDCP office space, the Board strategic planning session, the status of the various vendor requests for proposals (“RFP”) and other solicitations, the implementation of the organization plan, and the potential retirement plans for SDCP.

Lee Friedman, Key Accounts Manager, provided an overview of the Phase 2 Enrollment which included commercial and industrial customers.

Board questions and comments ensued.

Interim CEO Carnahan provided an update on hiring and recruitment efforts and announced the following new hire:

- Eric Washington, Chief Financial Officer

Following Board questions and comments, no action was taken.

10. Update on Regulatory and Legislative Affairs

Regulatory and Legislative Affairs Director Fernandez provided an update on the final decision of the Power Charge Indifference Adjustment (“PCIA”), SB 612: the Ratepayer Equity Act, SDG&E’s application for approval of 2022 electric procurement revenue requirement forecasts, the proposed decision of the Direct Access Rulemaking, and the Provider of Last Resort (“POLR”) Rulemaking.

Board questions and comments ensued.

Jay Powell spoke regarding SDG&E’s bill notification and the POLR Rulemaking.

Following Board questions and comments, no action was taken.

11. Discussion and Direction on Potential New Members to SDCP and Input on Response Letter to County of San Diego

Interim CEO Carnahan and COO Hooven spoke about JPA conditions, benchmarking with other CCAs, timeline, financial considerations, economic analysis, PCIA analysis, cost of Pro Forma analysis and a proposed response to the County of San Diego.

Board questions and comments ensued.

Eddie Price, Community Advisory Committee (“CAC”), spoke on Director Montgomery Steppe’s comment regarding the workforce development process remaining unchanged during negotiations with the County.

Following Board questions and comments, no action was taken.

12. Approval of Fiscal Year (FY) 2021 Budget Amendment and Review Proposed Fiscal Year 2022 Budget
Chief Finance Officer ("CFO") Washington, COO Hooven and Michael Maher, Maher Accountancy, provided an overview of the FY 2021 Budget Amendment and Proposed FY 2022 Budget.

Board questions and comments ensued.

Matthew Vasilakis, Climate Action Campaign, spoke in support of budgeting for a local development business plan.

Interim Board Clerk Wiegelman read aloud the first 400 words of the emailed public comments submitted prior to the start of the Board meeting.

Erika Morgan submitted a comment in support of budgeting for a local development business plan.

Board questions and comments continued.

ACTION: Motioned by Director Baber (La Mesa) and seconded by Director Montgomery Steppe (San Diego) to approve the FY 2021 Budget Amendment. The motion carried by the following vote:

Vote: 5-0
Yes: Chair Mosca (Encinitas), Vice Chair Padilla (Chula Vista), Director Baber (La Mesa), Director Dedina (Imperial Beach), and Director Montgomery Steppe (San Diego)
No: None
Abstained: None
Absent: None

13. Approval of Updates to the Net Energy Metering (NEM) Program and Amend the NEM Program Policy

Nelson Lomeli, Programs Manager, provided background information on the NEM Program and proposed action items.

Board questions and comments ensued.

Lane Sharman spoke in support of incentivizing the adoption of energy storage for NEM customers and increasing feed-in tariff.

Jay Powell spoke in support of incentivizing the adoption of energy storage for NEM customers, increasing feed-in tariff, and a local development plan to encourage more rooftop solar.

Tom Summers called in support of incentivizing the adoption of energy storage for NEM customers, increasing feed-in tariff, and developing other incentives to increase rooftop solar.

Interim Board Clerk Wiegelman read aloud the first 400 words of the emailed public comments submitted prior to the start of the Board meeting.
Jason Anderson submitted a comment in support of the proposed amendments to SDCP’s NEM policy.

**ACTION:** Motioned by Director Baber (La Mesa) and seconded by Chair Mosca (Encinitas) to: (1) set the Net Surplus Compensation Rate to match SDG&E’s monthly Net Surplus Compensation with a $0.0075/kWh adder as an incentive for customers generating 100% renewable, local electricity; (2) limit the Net Surplus Compensation at $2,500 per account per relevant period; (3) establish that all NEM customers would receive monthly settlement and billing with the ability for customers to elect to enroll in optional yearly settlement and billing; and (4) delegate authority to the Interim CEO, or his designee, to update the NEM policy consistent with the approved Board actions. The motion carried by the following vote:

**Vote:** 5-0

Yes: Chair Mosca (Encinitas), Vice Chair Padilla (Chula Vista), Director Baber (La Mesa), Director Dedina (Imperial Beach), and Director Montgomery Steppe (San Diego)

No: None

Abstained: None

Absent: None

14. Review and Provide Direction to Staff on Legislative Position for AB 1139

Regulatory and Legislative Affairs Director Fernandez provided an overview of AB 1139 and stated staff supports the CAC’s recommendation to oppose AB 1139.

CAC Chair Price recommended the Board oppose AB 1139.

Board questions and comments ensued.

Interim Board Clerk Wiegelman read aloud the first 400 words of the emailed public comments submitted prior to the start of the Board meeting.

The following members of the public submitted a comment requesting the Board formally oppose AB 1139:

Alexandra Abrams
Ariana Criste
Tyson Siegele
Justin Hammond
Karinna Gonzalez
Clint Fultz
Bee Mittermiller
Joyce Lane
Carla
Craig D Rose
Alyssa Kane
Toshihiko Ishihara
Jen Derks
Steven Gelb
Anna Webb
Katharine Harrison
Erika Morgan
Tara Hammond

The following members of the public spoke requesting the Board formally oppose AB 1139:

Matthew Vasilakis, Climate Action Campaign
Eddie Price, CAC Chair
Joseph Bill, Sullivan Solar Power, IBEW 569
Lane Sharman

The following members of the public spoke requesting the Board remain neutral on AB 1139:

Micah Mitrosky on behalf of IBEW Local 569
Jay Powell
Tom Lemon on behalf of San Diego Building Construction and Trade Council
Carol Kim, San Diego Building Council

Nate Therman, IBEW Local Union 465, spoke requesting the Board support AB 1139.

Board questions and comments continued.

ACTION: It was the consensus of the Board to remain neutral and not take a formal position on AB 1139.

15. Renewable Power Purchase Agreement with IP Oberon, LLC

Power Services Director Vosburg provided background information on the Long-term California Renewables Portfolio Standard ("RPS") requirements, the SDCP 2020 Long-term RPS Renewable Energy Request for Offers timeline, SDCP's Long-term Power Purchase Agreements, and gave an overview of the Intersect Power Oberon 150 MW Solar project.

Carrie Defenbach spoke on whether there was the possibility for local opposition to the project.

Board questions and comments ensued.

ACTION: Motioned by Director Dedina (Imperial Beach) and seconded by Director Montgomery Steppe (San Diego) to approve the Long-term Renewable Power Purchase Agreement with IP Oberon, LLC and authorize the Interim CEO to execute the Agreement. The motion carried by the following vote:

Vote: 5-0

Yes: Chair Mosca (Encinitas), Vice Chair Padilla (Chula Vista), Director Baber (La Mesa), Director Dedina (Imperial Beach), and Director Montgomery Steppe (San Diego)
16. Renewable Power Purchase Agreement with JVR Energy Park, LLC

Power Services Director Vosburg provided an overview of the Renewable Power Purchase Agreement ("Agreement") with JVR Energy Park, LLC, the JVR Energy Park 90 MW Solar and 70 MW/280 Mwh Battery Energy Storage System project ("Project"), and gave background information on BayWa r.e.

Board questions and comments ensued.

Interim Board Clerk Wiegelman read aloud the first 400 words of the emailed public comments submitted prior to the start of the Board meeting.

The following members of the public submitted a comment expressing concerns with the proposed Agreement and Project and requesting the Board postpone any decisions regarding the two:

Jeff Osborne
Morgan Stevens
Katrina Westley
Greg Allan Curran

Michael Firenze, Webcor Builders, submitted a comment in support of the proposed Agreement and Project.

The following members of the public spoke in support of the proposed Agreement and Project:

Micah Mitrosky on behalf of IBEW Local 569
Jason Anderson, CleanTech San Diego
Tom Lemon on behalf of San Diego Building Construction and Trade Council

The following members of the public spoke in opposition to the proposed Agreement and Project:

Greg Curran
Carrie Defenbach
Rick Morrison

Jam Attari, CEO of BayWa r.e., gave an overview of the history and process of the Project, and explained the company’s efforts to address the concerns of the Jacumba Hot Spring residents and mitigate the Project’s impacts on the community.

Board questions and comments continued.

ACTION: Motioned by Chair Mosca (Encinitas) and seconded by Director Montgomery Steppe (San Diego) to approve the Long-term Renewable Power Purchase Agreement with JVR Energy
Park, LLC and authorize the Interim CEO to execute the Agreement. The motion carried by the following vote:

**Vote: 4-1**

Yes: Chair Mosca (Encinitas), Vice Chair Padilla (Chula Vista), Director Dedina (Imperial Beach), and Director Montgomery Steppe (San Diego)

No: Director Baber (La Mesa)

Abstained: None

Absent: None

**DIRECTOR COMMENTS**

There were no comments.

**REPORTS BY MANAGEMENT AND GENERAL COUNSEL**

There were no reports.

**ADJOURNMENT**

Chair Mosca (Encinitas) adjourned the meeting at 9:25 p.m.

Megan Wiegelman, CMC
Interim Board Clerk

Prepared by:
Kimberly Isley, Executive Assistant
This meeting was conducted utilizing teleconferencing and electronic means consistent with State of California Executive Order N-29-20 dated March 17, 2020, regarding the COVID-19 pandemic.

The Board minutes are prepared and ordered to correspond to the Board Agenda. Agenda Items can be taken out of order during the meeting.

The Agenda Items were considered in the order presented.

**WELCOME**

**CALL TO ORDER**

Chair Mosca (Encinitas) called the SDCP Board of Directors meeting to order at 5:00 p.m.

**PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE**

Chair Mosca (Encinitas) led the Pledge of Allegiance.

**ROLL CALL**

PRESENT: Chair Mosca (Encinitas), Vice Chair Padilla (Chula Vista), Director Baber (La Mesa), Director Dedina (Imperial Beach), and Director Montgomery Steppe (San Diego)

ABSENT: None

Also Present: Interim Chief Executive Officer (“CEO”) Carnahan, Chief Operating Officer (“COO”) Hooven, General Counsel Baron, Interim Board Clerk Wiegelman

**ITEMS TO BE ADDED, WITHDRAWN, OR REORDERED ON THE AGENDA**

There were no additions or deletions to the agenda.

**PUBLIC COMMENTS**
There were no comments.

**CONSENT CALENDAR**
(Items 1 through 2)

1. Approval of Cooperation and Administrative Services Agreement with the City of Encinitas for Continued SDCP Human Resources Services

Approved.


Received and filed.

**ACTION:** Motioned by Director Baber (La Mesa) and seconded by Director Dedina (Imperial Beach) to approve Consent Calendar Items 1 through 2. The motion carried by the following vote:

**Vote:** 5-0

Yes: Chair Mosca (Encinitas), Director Padilla (Chula Vista), Director Baber (La Mesa), Director Dedina (Imperial Beach), and Director Montgomery Steppe (San Diego)

No: None

Abstained: None

Absent: None

**REGULAR AGENDA**

3. Operations and Administration Report from the Interim Chief Executive Officer

Interim CEO Carnahan reported on the bankruptcy of Western Community Energy ("WCE") and stated the agenda packet items provided an analysis of the differences between SDCP and WCE.

Interim CEO Carnahan updated the Board on the SDCP Strategic Planning efforts and announced the first session was planned for September 17th.

COO Hooven provided an update on SDCP’s efforts to secure short-term and long-term office space and reported on the reopening plan and returning to in-person meetings.

Board questions and comments ensued.

Matthew Vasilakis, Climate Action Campaign, spoke regarding the bankruptcy of WCE and suggested SDCP review the reasons for the bankruptcy to prevent a similar outcome.

COO Hooven requested the Board advise staff on which month would be best for a legislative break.

**ACTION:** Following discussion, it was the consensus of the Board to cancel all meetings (SDCP Board of Directors, Finance and Risk Management Committee, and Community Advisory Committee) for the month of July.
Power Services Director Vosburg provided an update on hiring and recruitment efforts and announced there would be two new employees joining the Power Services Division and the next hires would be an External Affairs Director and a Finance Department staff member.

Power Services Director Vosburg stated three long-term power agreements had been signed.

Board questions and comments ensued.

Data Analytics and Account Services Director Utouh reported on efforts with Calpine to create a reporting dashboard of customer actions to opt-out or opt-up to Power100.

Following Board questions and comments, no action was taken.

4. Update on Regulatory and Legislative Affairs

Regulatory and Legislative Affairs Director Fernandez provided an update on SB 612 (Ratepayer Equity Act), AB 1139 (Net Energy Metering), the Development of Rates and Infrastructure for Vehicle Electrification Order Instituting Rulemaking, integrated resource planning, and the Net Energy Metering (“NEM”) 3.0 tariff rulemaking.

Community Advisory Committee (“CAC”) Chair Price provided the CAC’s thoughts on the NEM rulemaking.

CAC Vice Chair Hammond spoke regarding NEM fees and how NEM effects the future of roof top solar.

Following Board questions and comments, no action was taken.

5. Review and Provide Direction to Staff on Update of Analysis of County Membership

Interim CEO Carnahan explained the purpose for the analysis and provided an overview of the process for San Diego County (“County”) membership.

Kirby Dusel, Pacific Energy Advisors (“PEA”), reviewed the analysis of the impacts of adding the County as a member, highlighting resource impacts and needs, fiscal impacts, and the impact on Board voting.

Matthew Vasilakis, Climate Action Campaign, spoke in support of the County joining SDCP in 2021.

Board questions and comments ensued.

ACTION: Following discussion, it was the consensus of the Board to forward the analysis to the County.

6. Review and Approve Policy for Adding New Members to SDCP

COO Hooven reviewed the proposed policy for adding new members to SDCP, highlighting costs, timeline, and voting.
Matthew Vasilakis, Climate Action Campaign, spoke in support of a policy for adding new members to SDCP.

Board questions and comments ensued.

**ACTION:** Motioned by Vice Chair Padilla (Chula Vista) and seconded by Director Baber (La Mesa) to create an ad hoc subcommittee comprising of Chair Mosca (Encinitas) and Director Baber (La Mesa) for the purpose of working with staff to review the Joint Powers Authority Agreement for required changes to reflect the potential for new members and report back to the Board in August with their findings. The motion carried by the following vote:

**Vote:** 5-0  
Yes: Chair Mosca (Encinitas), Vice Chair Padilla (Chula Vista), Director Baber (La Mesa), Director Dedina (Imperial Beach), and Director Montgomery Steppe (San Diego)  
No: None  
Abstained: None  
Absent: None

7. **Review and Approve FY21 Financial Audit Preparation**

Chief Financial Officer (“CFO”) Washington stated Pisenti & Brinker conducted SDCP’s June 30, 2020 fiscal year end audit and independent auditor report and provided an overview of the proposed contract with Pisenti & Brinker for FY21 independent financial statement auditing services.

Board questions and comments ensued.

**ACTION:** Motioned by Director Dedina (Imperial Beach) and seconded by Director Montgomery Steppe (San Diego) to approve the Professional Services Agreement with auditor Pisenti & Brinker, LLP for a 1-year term with two 1-year renewal options, fees of $21,000/year (not-to-exceed $63,000 total), and authorize the Interim Chief Executive Officer, or his designee, to execute the Agreement. The motion carried by the following vote:

**Vote:** 5-0  
Yes: Chair Mosca (Encinitas), Vice Chair Padilla (Chula Vista), Director Baber (La Mesa), Director Dedina (Imperial Beach), and Director Montgomery Steppe (San Diego)  
No: None  
Abstained: None  
Absent: None

8. **Review and Approve FY22 Budget**

CFO Washington provided an overview of the FY22 Budget, highlighting operating revenues and expenditures, and the change in net position from FY21 to FY22.
Matthew Vasilakis, Climate Action Campaign, spoke in support of the funding of a local business development plan.

CAC Chair Price spoke to request a budget of $5,000 to $10,000 per fiscal year for the CAC.

Board questions and comments ensued.

**ACTION:** Motioned by Director Baber (La Mesa) and seconded by Director Dedina (Imperial Beach) to approve the Fiscal Year 2022 Budget. The motion carried by the following vote:

**Vote:** 5-0
Yes: Chair Mosca (Encinitas), Vice Chair Padilla (Chula Vista), Director Baber (La Mesa), Director Dedina (Imperial Beach), and Director Montgomery Steppe (San Diego)
No: None
Abstained: None
Absent: None

9. Review and Approve Financial Reserves Policy

CFO Washington provided an overview of the proposed Financial Reserves Policy.

**ACTION:** Motioned by Director Baber (La Mesa) and seconded by Director Padilla (Chula Vista) to approve the Financial Reserves Policy. The motion carried by the following vote:

**Vote:** 5-0
Yes: Chair Mosca (Encinitas), Vice Chair Padilla (Chula Vista), Director Baber (La Mesa), Director Dedina (Imperial Beach), and Director Montgomery Steppe (San Diego)
No: None
Abstained: None
Absent: None

10. Review and Adopt a Resolution for a Retirement Plan

CFO Washington explained the proposed agreements were needed to establish and implement the retirement plan.

**ACTION:** Motioned by Director Dedina (Imperial Beach) and seconded by Vice Chair Padilla (Chula Vista) to: (1) approve Plan Advice and Consulting Program Services Agreements with PWA Financial for 457(b) and 401(a) Plans; (2) approve Service Agreement for Plan Administration with Benefit Resources Inc. for third-party administrator services associated with the 457(b) and 401(a) Plans; (3) approve the agreements associated with the retirement plan with Empower Retirement for recordkeeping services associated with the 457(b) and 401(a) Plans; (4) authorize the Interim Chief Executive Officer or his designee to execute the approved agreements and plan documents, with such changes as are approved by the Interim Chief Executive Officer and approved as to form by the General Counsel; and (5) authorize the Interim Chief Executive
Officer, or his designee, to sign and file such other documents as are necessary to establish the approved plans. The motion carried by the following vote:

Vote: 5-0
Yes: Chair Mosca (Encinitas), Director Padilla (Chula Vista), Director Baber (La Mesa), Director Dedina (Imperial Beach), and Director Montgomery Steppe (San Diego)
No: None
Abstained: None
Absent: None

Please note that although the agenda title for Item 10 refers to the adoption of a resolution, a resolution was not required and therefore, one was not adopted.

DIRECTOR COMMENTS

There were no comments.

REPORTS BY MANAGEMENT AND GENERAL COUNSEL

There were no reports.

ADJOURNMENT

Chair Mosca (Encinitas) adjourned the meeting at 7:36 p.m.

Megan Wiegelman, CMC
Interim Board Clerk

Prepared by:
Kimberly Isley, Executive Assistant
To: San Diego Community Power Board of Directors  
From: Sebastian Sarria, Program and Policy Manager  
Subject: Modifications to Community Advisory Committee Term End Date and Workplan Approval Timeline  
Date: August 26, 2021

RECOMMENDATION
1. Approve modification to adjust the term end date for all Community Advisory Committee (CAC) members to be June 2022 and June 2023, with the goal of aligning it with the Fiscal Year calendar of July to June.
2. Approve modification to the CAC Scope of Work by changing the adoption of the work plan from every calendar year to every fiscal year.

BACKGROUND
When the formation of the CAC was approved at the January 30, 2020, regular meeting of the Board of Directors, approval was given to staff’s recommendation to set staggered terms to avoid a scenario where all members finish their terms, and a new slate of members are brought in. At the time, terms were initially set for March 2022 and March 2023. Due to external factors in bringing in CAC representatives from the City of La Mesa at the time, the term end date for all CAC members was adjusted to May 2022 and May 2023 to allow full terms for the La Mesa members.

Later that July, the Board approved the CAC’s Operating Procedures where it was outlined that officer elections for the positions of Chair, Vice-Chair, and Secretary were to be held every July.

At the same January 30, 2020, regular meeting, the Board approved the CAC Scope of Work where it stated that the CAC work plan would be adopted annually, or every calendar year.

DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
Due to the CAC’s regular meeting being canceled in July, officer elections were held at the August 13, 2021, regular meeting. Looking ahead at 2022, staff has acknowledged that with some current officers having terms ending in May 2022, there is a possibility that the CAC would be without those positions between the months of May and July, when the next elections are to be held.
To avoid this possibility and have the least amount of disruption, staff recommends adjusting the term end date to June. This helps align both the terms of the CAC members with the officer elections that occur at the start of every fiscal year in July.

Beyond this, staff also recommends that the approval of the CAC’s work plan be set every fiscal year rather than annual year. This will create more efficiencies which will allow staff and the CAC to plan activities in the work plan in collaboration with every fiscal year budget.

**COMMITTEE REVIEW**
The Community Advisory Committee discussed and agreed that aligning the term end date of all CAC members with when officer elections occur would be efficient. Moreover, the Ad-Hoc Work Plan Committee of the CAC discussed and also agreed that aligning the approval of their work plan to occur at the start of every fiscal year would be efficient.

**FISCAL IMPACT**
There are possible savings in staff time by aligning the term end dates, officer elections, and approval of the work plan with the fiscal calendar of July 1 to June 30.

**ATTACHMENTS**
Attachment A: Updated CAC Committee Purpose and Scope
The purpose of the San Diego Community Power (SDCP) Community Advisory Committee (CAC) is to advise the SDCP Board of Directors on the operation of its Community Choice Aggregation program, as stated in section 5.10.3 of the SDCP Joint Powers Authority (JPA) Agreement. This Scope will be adopted by the Board of Directors and may be updated or changed at the Board’s discretion.

The Community Advisory Committee will, under the direction of the SDCP Board of Directors and authorized SDCP staff:

1. To provide a venue for ongoing citizen support and engagement in the strategic direction, goals, and programs of SDCP;
2. Elect CAC officers and define priorities and duties within its Scope to ensure the Committee can operate independently and collaboratively, with limited support from SDCP staff;
3. Adopt a work plan at the start of every fiscal year that aligns with the CAC Scope provided by the Board;
4. Work on defined objectives as approved by the Board, to produce materials or advice that will assist the Board in decision-making;
5. Help the Board to identify issues of concern and opportunities to educate community members about SDCP;
6. Draft reports to the SDCP Board of Directors with findings and recommendations as may be needed;
7. Represent the views of Committee’s constituencies in comments and recommendations;
8. Incorporate language around inclusion and diversity in discussions as they relate to SDCP operations;
9. Plan for and engage in community events and special projects as appropriate; and
10. Serve as an information-channel back to their communities.

CAC Scope I Adopted and Amended by the Board of Directors in January 2020
RECOMMENDATION
Receive and file update on various operational and administration activities.

BACKGROUND
Staff will provide regular updates to the Board of Directors regarding San Diego Community Power’s (SDCP) organizational development, administration, start-up and operating activities. The following is a brief overview of this month’s discussion items, which are informational only.

ANALYSIS AND DISCUSSION

A) Strategic Plan Update
The Board’s first annual Strategic Planning Session will be conducted by Lisa Gordon, Lisa Gordon Inspires, on Friday, September 17th from Noon until 5:30 pm in the City of Encinitas City Council Chambers (if those facilities are available for in-person meetings and if not, it will be a Zoom meeting). In addition to the Board, Board Alternates, members of the Community Advisory Committee and SDCP staff will be participating. The meeting is open to the public via Zoom.

B) County of San Diego Membership Status
We continued to provide information to the County staff for their report for consideration of the potential request for the County to Request for Membership to SDCP. We were informed they have drafted the letter report to present to the Board of Supervisors for their August 31st meeting. We plan to speak at the meeting to let the Supervisors know we appreciate their interest in membership since we believe it is a good match between SDCP and the County and look forward to a potential association.

C) New Member Update
Additional cities have reached out expressing interest in membership with SDCP. Now that the Board has adopted a New Member Policy (June 2021 Board meeting), staff are using that as guidance for how to navigate engagement with interested cities and meet
the timeline for 2021. We are working with our consultants, Pacific Energy Advisors, to complete additional analyses on two additional cities (National City and Oceanside) and will keep the Board informed of next steps and upcoming decision points.

D) New Office
We have recently acquired a short-term lease on office space for staff at Moniker Commons, located in Liberty Station. With ever-changing restrictions and concerns related to COVID-19 and the need for flexibility while we determine a long-term office plan as well as staffing levels, a shared officed space allows for staff to have a place to work outside their home based on their preferences or needs and gather in person for group meetings.

E) Flexible Office/Remote Work Policy
In conjunction with the leasing of temporary office space, to help guide staff in returning from a 100% remote work policy, we are instituting a Flexible Work Schedule to help guide staff. The emphasis is on being “flexible” so the policy is subject to change depending on the individuals and working situation. It is anticipated that staff members will be working part of the time from the office and part from remote (usually home). For example, we need to determine what “office work days” are mandatory. Those days could be Board meeting days, staff meetings or preparation days prior to Board meetings. We are also, monitoring for what other CCAs are adopting to see what “best practices” might be. We will also see what our member cities are doing as well. We will keep the Board updated on our evolving policy.

F) Power Resources

I. Market Update
As we are all aware, the summer of 2020 was a volatile period for California energy markets. In response, the CAISO, CEC, CPUC, and Governor’s Office instituted a number of “Emergency Reliability” measures to reduce the likelihood of Flex Alerts, rolling blackouts, and spot market price spikes. Despite these efforts, the energy market for summer 2021 has been volatile and expensive, with significant “fear” and uncertainty priced into market forwards. Fundamentally, until significant capacity of new resources is developed and online, this will continue to be the case, only exacerbated by current drought conditions, wildfires, and heat waves, which themselves are only exacerbated by climate change. So far, the coincident, west-wide heat events that led to last summer’s volatility have not manifested again this year – beyond a couple of Pacific Northwest and Desert Southwest events in June and early July. Energy markets and prices have therefore been relatively calm and inexpensive through July and August to date. That said, markets will be driven by weather outcomes (namely heat and fires) through September and into October, so we are not out of the woods yet. Staff will continue to monitor market, weather, and fire activity over the next two months and will take action to reduce SDCP market risk as appropriate should a significant event of market volatility or energy price risk appear likely.
II. Renewable Energy

Last week, staff released SDCP’s Local RFI for Renewable Energy and Energy Storage. Responses are due on September 1 and will be accepted on a rolling basis thereafter. Staff intend to leverage information submitted in response to this RFI to inform future solicitations for renewable energy and energy storage resources. So far, feedback from the market has been encouraging.

As will be discussed in Item 7, staff are nearing completion of an EEI Master Agreement with and Confirmation to purchase long-term renewable energy from SDG&E pursuant to bilateral discussions and consistent with previous direction from the Board.

Pursuant to last year’s Long-term RPS RFO, one remaining contract remains to be negotiated; if staff can secure favorable contract terms, it will be presented at a Board meeting in the near future.

Staff completed solicitations and contracting for short-term renewable and carbon-free energy to meet a portion of SDCP’s near-term energy needs while new-build facilities are under development. Staff expect to meet 2021 targets for renewable and carbon-free power content based upon supply contracts currently in place, but staff will continue to monitor SDCP’s near-term positions against compliance and voluntary environmental targets and will continue to transact as appropriate.

III. Resource Adequacy

Staff completed solicitations for short-term resource adequacy to meet SDCP’s 2021-2024 capacity needs. Contracting pursuant to that solicitation is underway, and Staff continue solicitation-based and bilateral procurement efforts as necessary to close short positions.

SDCP’s ability to comply with near-term Local RA requirements is subject to availability constraints in the San Diego area market.

IV. Risk Management

Consistent with its Energy Risk Management Policy, SDCP has contracted for all of its expected market energy needs for 2021 and continues to prudently layer in purchases for 2022-2024.

G) Back Office Operations Metrics/Dashboard

We are happy to report that Staff was able to work collaboratively with SDG&E to create our first Joint Rate Mailers that will be mailed to our Phase 1 and 2 customers by the end of this month. We are also excited to let the Board know that we have started working on building Dashboards that will track all of our KPIs such as revenues, opt actions, A/R, cash receipts etc. and we hope to deploy them in time for our Board meeting next month. Our internal Phase 3 planning efforts have also commenced and we will have a kickoff and on-going weekly check-ins with our SDG&E and Calpine contacts in September going forward to ensure a successful and smooth rollout in 2022.
From an operations perspective, SDCP Staff and Calpine have worked together to create a reporting dashboard of customer actions to opt-out, opt-up to Power100 or opt down from Power100 to PowerOn. The below charts summarize these actions accordingly as of August 16th, 2021:

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### II. Opt Ups to Power100

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III.  Opt Downs from Power100 (Encinitas)

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<td>8</td>
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<table>
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<tr>
<th>Opt Downs by Method</th>
<th>February</th>
<th>March</th>
<th>April</th>
<th>May</th>
<th>June</th>
<th>July</th>
<th>August - MTD 2021 - YTD Grand Total</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>0</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
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</table>

IV.  Participation Rate (Phase 1 and 2)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>City</th>
<th>Count of Active Accounts</th>
<th>Count of Eligible Accounts</th>
<th>Total Opt Outs</th>
<th>Participation Rate by Accounts Count</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CITY OF CHULA VISTA</td>
<td>7491</td>
<td>7802</td>
<td>208</td>
<td>97.34%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CITY OF ENCINITAS</td>
<td>3113</td>
<td>3217</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>98.29%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CITY OF IMPERIAL BEACH</td>
<td>520</td>
<td>561</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>97.60%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CITY OF LA MESA</td>
<td>2577</td>
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<td>77</td>
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<tr>
<td>CITY OF SAN DIEGO</td>
<td>56554</td>
<td>58085</td>
<td>824</td>
<td>98.58%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grand Total</td>
<td>70265</td>
<td>72385</td>
<td>1177</td>
<td>98.37%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

FISCAL IMPACT
N/A

ATTACHMENTS
N/A
RECOMMENDATION
Adopt Resolution No. 2021-3 a Resolution of the SDCP Board of Directors Appointing the Chief Financial Officer as SDCP’s Treasurer.

BACKGROUND
The Joint Exercise of Powers Act (Government Code § 6500, et seq.) and the SDCP Joint Powers Agreement (JPA Agreement) provide that SDCP will appoint a Treasurer who will perform the duties of Treasurer and Auditor as prescribed by law and the JPA Agreement.

Specifically, Section 5.4 of the JPA Agreement provides that the Board of Directors shall appoint a Treasurer who shall function as the combined offices of Treasurer and Auditor, and that the Board may transfer responsibilities of Treasurer to any qualified person as the law allows. Government Code section 6505.6 allows a joint powers agency to appoint one of its officers or employees to the positions of Treasurer and/or Auditor.

In addition, Section 5.7 of the JPA Agreement provides that the Board of Directors shall designate the public officer or officers or person or persons who have charge of, handle, or have access to property of SDCP and shall require such officers or persons to file an official bond in an amount to be fixed by the Board.

ANALYSIS AND DISCUSSION
SDCP currently employs Eric Washington as its Chief Financial Officer, but SDCP has not yet appointed a Treasurer.

By adopting the attached resolution, SDCP would formally appoint its Chief Financial Officer, Eric Washington, as SDCP’s Treasurer, to perform the functions of both Treasurer and Auditor as provided by law and the JPA Agreement.

The resolution would also require the Treasurer to execute a surety bond in the amount of TBD. The bond must be obtained from a reputable surety company authorized to do
business in the State of California, and subject to the approval of the Chief Executive Officer. SDCP will pay or reimburse the Treasurer for the premium(s) of the bond, which is generally a small percentage of the total bond amount.

**FISCAL IMPACT**
Cost for bond premium, likely less than $500.

**ATTACHMENTS**
Attachment A: Resolution No. 2021-3 a Resolution of the SDCP Board of Directors Appointing the Chief Financial Officer as SDCP’s Treasurer
RESOLUTION NO. 2021-3

A RESOLUTION OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS
OF SAN DIEGO COMMUNITY POWER
APPOINTING THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER OF SAN
DIEGO COMMUNITY POWER AS ITS TREASURER

A. WHEREAS, San Diego Community Power (“SDCP”) is a joint powers agency formed and existing pursuant to the provisions of the Joint Exercise of Powers Act (Chapter 5, Division 7, Title 1 of the California Government Code) and SDCP’s Joint Powers Agreement (“JPA Agreement”); and

B. WHEREAS, Section 5.1 of the JPA Agreement provides that the Board shall appoint a Treasurer as provided in Government Code section 6505.5; and

C. WHEREAS, Section 5.4 of the JPA Agreement provides that the Board shall appoint a Treasurer who shall function as the combined offices of Treasurer and Auditor and shall strictly comply with the statutes related to the duties and responsibilities specified in Government Code Section 6505.5; and

D. WHEREAS, Section 5.4 of the JPA Agreement also provides that the Board may transfer the responsibilities of Treasurer to any qualified person or entity as the law allows at the time; and

E. WHEREAS, Government Code Section 6505.6 provides that an agency established by a joint powers agreement may appoint one of its officers or employees to the positions of treasurer and/or auditor; and

F. WHEREAS, the Board of Directors of SDCP desires to appoint Eric Washington, SDCP’s Chief Financial Officer, as its Treasurer, and who shall perform the duties of Treasurer and Auditor pursuant to the JPA Agreement.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Board of Directors of San Diego Community Power as follows:

1. Eric Washington, the Chief Financial Officer of SDCP, is hereby appointed as the Treasurer of SDCP. The Treasurer shall strictly comply with the statutes related to the duties and responsibilities specified in Government Code Section 6505.5, and the duties and responsibilities set forth in the JPA Agreement. The Treasurer shall serve under such rules as may be established by SDCP and shall perform such duties and have such powers as SDCP may determine from time to time. Except as otherwise provided by the Board in a separate action, Mr. Washington will serve as Treasurer during the term of his employment as Chief Financial Officer.

2. Pursuant to Government Code section 6505.1 and Section 5.7 of the JPA Agreement, the Treasurer is hereby required to execute a surety bond in the amount of TBD. The bond shall be obtained from any good and reliable surety company authorized to do business in the State of California, subject to the approval of the Chief Executive Officer. SDCP shall pay or reimburse the Treasurer for the premium(s) of the bond.
3. This Resolution shall take effect immediately upon its adoption.

PASSED AND ADOPTED at a meeting of the Board of Directors of San Diego Community Power held on August 26, 2021.

______________________________  ________________________________
______________________________  ________________________________
Chair Megan Wiegelman, Interim Secretary
San Diego Community Power          San Diego Community Power
RECOMMENDATION
Receive and file update on regulatory and legislative affairs.

BACKGROUND
Staff will provide regular updates to the Board of Directors regarding SDCP’s regulatory and legislative engagement. The following is an overview of this month’s discussion items, which are informational only.

DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

A) SB 612 (Ratepayer Equity Act) – Did Not Receive Hearing - Two Year Bill

The Power Charge Indifference Adjustment (PCIA) is a surcharge on all customers that is intended to collect the above-market costs of the investor-owned utilities’ (IOU) legacy resources. The PCIA is intended to reflect the difference between the IOUs’ above-market costs related to legacy power supply commitments, including third-party energy contracts and operating costs for utility owned generation, and today’s market value for those resources. While Community Choice Aggregators (CCAs) and direct access customers continue to pay a significant share of the costs for these resources, their ability to access the benefits depends on the willingness of the IOU – at its sole discretion – to sell or allocate the resource.

As discussed during previous SDCP Board meetings, while all customers bear cost responsibility for legacy resources, only IOU customers have the right to access the benefits of these resources, such as renewable energy, greenhouse gas (GHG)-free energy, and Resource Adequacy (RA). Senate Bill (SB) 612 would ensure fair and equal access to the benefits of legacy resources for all customers and ensure that IOU portfolios are managed to maximize value and reduce unnecessary costs for all customers. SB 612
would require SDG&E to offer an allocation of not just RPS, but also RA and any GHG free resources.

CalCCA is sponsoring the bill and seeking support from all CCAs and their member agencies. In March, SDCP voted to take a support position for SB 612. All of the SDCP member cities have also submitted support letters for SB 612. The County of San Diego also submitted a letter in support of SB 612. Well over 100 California communities, environmental justice organizations, environmental groups, and clean energy providers back the bill.

On June 1, SB 612 passed off the Senate Floor, with a vote of 33-6. Then, SB 612 was scheduled for its first vote in the Assembly on June 30. At the last minute, the bill was removed from the Committee on Utilities and Energy hearing agenda by Chair Chris Holden, even as support for the bill continued to grow. SB 612 has now officially been designated a two-year bill by the Assembly Committee on Utilities and Energy, pausing the advancement of this widely supported ratepayer equity bill after it cleared the Senate with overwhelming support. The two-year bill status means that no action can be taken on the bill until January 2022, although bills in the second house are not usually set for another hearing until all other second house bills are heard in the following legislative year, which is typically in June or July.

More information can be found here: https://cal-cca.org/sb-612/.

**B) Federal Clean Energy Investments in Bipartisan Infrastructure Package**

In July, SDCP coordinated with a coalition of other CCAs to send a letter to our congressional delegation. This letter advocated for clean energy investments and specifically requested that CCAs be included in forthcoming opportunities for federal funding to support clean energy investments. SDCP also had a productive meeting regarding this letter with DC based staff for Congressman Scott Peters.

After months of negotiations, the Senate passed a bipartisan infrastructure package on August 10. The following is a breakdown of some of the clean investments in the bipartisan package:

- $335 billion for FY ’22-’25 for Energy Storage Demonstration Projects
- $150 billion for Long Duration Storage Demonstration Program
- $5 billion for FY ’22-’26 for Energy Finance Assistance Program for Innovative Grid Hardening and Reliability
- $3 billion – Smart Grid Investment Matching Grant Program
- $7.5 billion – Charging Infrastructure
- $2.5 billion – Revolving Loans for New or Upgraded Transmission Lines

Although not a done deal just yet, it is likely that this bill will be passed and signed by the President. Also on August 10, a coalition of House members, including Scott Peters, signed a letter advocating for clean energy tax credits and equitable EV infrastructure
investments, which were items that were discussed in the CCA federal infrastructure letter.

C) Net Energy Metering 3.0 Proceeding

Background
The NEM program is designed to support the installation of customer-sited renewable generation. It was originally established in California with the adoption of Senate Bill (SB) 656 (Alquist, Stats. 1995, ch. 369), codified in Section 2827 of the Public Utilities Code. Importantly, Public Utilities Code Section 2827.1 only applies to large electrical corporations, and thereby excludes CCAs such as SDCP. This is because CCAs are legally entitled to set their own electricity generation rates. CCAs therefore determine their own rate policies, including NEM and net surplus compensation policies.

Under the original NEM program, customers who install and operate small (1MW or less) renewable generation facilities (referred to as “customer-generators”) may participate. Previously, under the original NEM rate, customer-generators received a full retail rate bill credit for power generated by their onsite systems that was fed back into the power grid during times when generation exceeded onsite energy demand. These credits were used to offset customers’ electricity bills, and could be rolled over to subsequent bills for up to a year.

AB 327 (Perea, 2013) directed each large IOU to switch over to the current NEM tariff on July 1, 2017 or after their NEM capacity exceeded 5% aggregated customer peak demand, whichever came first. SDG&E transferred to the current NEM tariff on June 29, 2016. Customer-generators that interconnected their systems to the grid prior to this date were grandfathered into the former NEM rate, pursuant to Decision (D.)14-03-041. These customer-generators are allowed to remain on the former rate for 20 years from the date they interconnected, or they are permitted to switch to the current NEM rate. The former NEM rate is sometimes referred to as "NEM 1.0", and the current NEM rate as "NEM 2.0" or "NEM Successor Tariff."

The current NEM program was adopted by the CPUC in D.16-01-044 on January 28, 2016 and is available to customers of the large IOUs. The program provides customer-generators full retail rate credits for energy exported to the grid and requires them to pay a few charges that align NEM customer costs more closely with non-NEM customer costs. Any customer-generator applying for NEM will:

- **Pay a one-time interconnection fee:** Customer-generators with facilities under 1 MW must pay a pre-approved one-time interconnection fee based on each IOU’s historic interconnection costs. SDG&E’s is $132.
- **Pay non-bypassable charges:** Customer-generators, similar to other utility customers, will pay charges on each kilowatt-hour (kWh) of electricity they consume from the grid. These charges fund programs such as low-income and energy efficiency programs.
- **Transfer to a time-of-use (TOU) rate.** If a customer-generator is not already on one, they will be required to take service on a time-of-use (TOU) rate to participate in NEM.
NEM 3.0
D.16-01-044 also established the CPUC’s commitment to review the NEM 2.0 tariff in 2019 (or later) citing interactive, yet unresolved, policy movements within the CPUC, but outside the scope of that proceeding. On September 3, 2020 the CPUC initiated a new rulemaking (R.) 20-08-020 in order to address the development of a successor to the existing NEM 2.0 tariffs. This proceeding is known as the NEM 3.0 proceeding. SDCP is a party to the NEM 3.0 rulemaking.

On March 15, 2021, eighteen proposals for a successor to the current NEM tariff were filed by a wide range of parties in the proceeding, including the Joint IOUs, Sierra Club, The Utility Reform Network, Natural Resources Defense Council, Solar Energy Industries Association, Vote Solar, Small Business Utility Advocates, Coalition for Community Solar Access, Protect Our Communities Foundation, GRID Alternatives, among others.

On May 28, 2021, a comparative analysis of the cost-effectiveness of the NEM successor rate proposals prepared by E3 was issued, and an update was released on June 15, 2021. Additionally, opening testimony was filed by parties in the proceeding on June 18, 2021 and rebuttal testimony was submitted July 16. Evidentiary hearings took place from July 26 until August 9.

SDCP staff is coordinating with other CCA programs that are parties in this proceeding. The next steps in the proceedings are as follows:

- August 31, 2021 – Opening Briefs Filed
- August 31, 2021 – Completion of Confidential Settlement Discussions (if any)
- Within 90 days of Closing Briefs (By December 2021) – Proposed Decision

D) SDG&E Application for Approval of 2022 Electric Procurement Revenue Requirement Forecasts

On April 15, 2021, SDG&E filed its Application for Approval of its 2022 Electric Procurement Revenue Requirement Forecasts and GHG-related forecasts. SDG&E requests approval of a total 2022 forecasted revenue requirement of $693.090 million. In the application, SDG&E notes that these changes, if approved as is, would decrease the current system average rate by 4.752 cents per kilowatt hour, or 17.28%. These rates would be implemented on January 1, 2022. However, SDG&E also notes in its application that these projections could change if the CPUC approves SDG&E’s request to update its authorized sales in its 2022 sales forecast application.

SDCP filed a protest to the application on May 21, 2021. In the protest, SDCP noted that last year, in the 2021 Energy Resources Recovery Account (ERRA) Forecast Application, SDG&E declined to calculate the 2021 commodity rate forecast using an updated retail sales forecast that was consistent with the 2021 bundled energy requirements forecast used to derive the ERRA revenue requirement. The stale sales forecast employed by SDG&E to calculate bundled commodity rates failed to account for significant CCA load...
departure in early 2021, resulting in an artificially low bundled customer rate forecast. Despite acknowledging the misaligned data in its 2021 commodity rate forecast, SDG&E claimed that it was required to use the outdated sales forecast because it was the most recent forecast approved by the CPUC. The CPUC, however, rejected SDG&E’s arguments. SDCP noted in the recent protest that SDG&E once again declined to use the most recent sales forecast to calculate the commodity rate for the 2022 ERRA forecast.

The bottom line is that although the large decrease in the revenue requirements leads to a reported decrease in both total bundled rates (decrease of 17.8%) and bundled commodity rates (decrease of 35%), these rate reductions are overstated, because SDG&E has not yet incorporated its updated 2022 sales forecast into the calculation of bundled rates.

SDCP staff along with outside consultants and external legal counsel have been raising this issue at every opportunity with the CPUC Energy Division as well as with advisors to CPUC Commissioners. Most recently, SDCP addressed this issue in an ex parte meeting. During this meeting, SDCP explained that the stale sales forecast would significantly understate bundled commodity rates, which would result in misleading price signals for customers at a very critical time: when residential customers will be choosing between SDG&E and SDCP for their generation service.

The week after this ex parte meeting, the Administrative Law Judge issued a ruling directing SDG&E to prepare a “modified 2021” sales forecast, adjusted solely for SDG&E’s current best estimate of likely departing load in 2022. While not a perfect solution, it is clear at the very least that forecast sales numbers used to establish 2022 rates will account for SDCP departing load, which is a great outcome for SDCP and all customers in San Diego.

Next Steps:

- Evidentiary Hearings (if needed) – September 7, 2021 – September 10, 2021
- Opening Briefs – September 24, 2021
- Reply Briefs – October 8, 2021
- November Briefs – November 5, 2021

COMMITTEE REVIEW

N/A
To: San Diego Community Power Board of Directors
From: Byron Vosburg, Director of Power Services
Via: Bill Carnahan, Interim Chief Executive Officer
Subject: EEI Agreement Confirmation Between SDG&E and SDCP for Purchase of Long-term Renewable Energy
Date: August 26, 2021

RECOMMENDATION
Approve the EEI Agreement Confirmation Between SDG&E and SDCP and authorize the Interim CEO to execute the agreement in substantially similar form as reviewed and approved to form by General Counsel.

BACKGROUND
As SDCP strives to meet its environmental, financial, and regulatory compliance goals and requirements, long-term power purchase agreements (PPAs) of at least 10 years in duration will become integral components of its energy supply portfolio. Not only do long-term PPAs with developing facilities underpin the development of new renewable energy projects, but also long-term PPAs lock in renewable energy supply around which SDCP can build its power supply portfolio while also providing power supply cost certainty around which SDCP can develop its pro forma financial model. From a regulatory compliance perspective, long-term PPAs also enable SDCP to meet the requirements of Senate Bill 350 (“SB 350”), passed by the California Legislature in 2015 and implemented by the CPUC in D.17-06-026, which requires that all California load serving entities (“LSE”) meet 65% of their Renewable Portfolio Standard (“RPS”) requirements with contracts that are at least 10 years in length.

In the interest of promoting the development of new renewable energy generation facilities, SDCP plans to meet most of its renewable energy targets with long-term PPAs that provide renewable generation facility developers with revenue streams against which they can finance up-front capital requirements and develop incremental renewable energy projects. In addition, due to the immediacy of meeting the long-term contracting requirements of SB350, which do not account for the 2- to 3-year development cycle of developing new resources, SDCP will need to contract for some long-term renewable energy deliveries from existing facilities, especially those that can delivery in Compliance
Period 4 (2021-2024), while the new projects that SDCP has contracted with are under development

In addition to contracting for long-term renewable energy pursuant to last year’s Long-term Renewable Energy Request for Offers (RFO), and as previously discussed with the Board, SDCP staff have engaged in bilateral negotiations with SDG&E for the purchase for renewable energy from SDG&E’s portfolio of long-term contracts. In some ways, SDG&E is a natural partner for this transaction, as they contracted for a significant share of this energy on behalf of customers who then received bundled services from SDG&E but have since transitioned to CCA service from SDCP or will transition to SDCP service during Phase 3 enrollment in Feb-May 2022. In parallel to these contract negotiations, staff have been monitoring at the CPUC a forthcoming allocation of renewable resources from IOUs to their respective CCAs via the Voluntary Allocation and Market Offer (“VAMO”), which is expected to start in 2023, and have crafted this agreement to be the vehicle via which allocation-eligible, long-term renewable energy is transferred from SDG&E to SDCP as part of that process, once it has been implemented.

ANALYSIS AND DISCUSSION

Staff negotiated the attached EEI Agreement Confirmation Between SDG&E and SDCP for Purchase of Long-term Renewable Energy in order to facilitate SDCP’s achievement of its renewable energy targets and to ensure compliance with the long-term renewable energy contracting requirements of SB 350.

Upon execution of this transaction, SDG&E will submit it for CPUC approval, and deliveries from SDG&E to SDCP will begin once the CPUC approves the transaction and will continue through Compliance Period 7 (2031-2033).

Staff expect that the CPUC’s “VAMO” allocation process will be implemented before 2023, in which case the annual contract quantities included in this contract will be replaced with the volumes that SDCP elects to receive via the VAMO process. In that circumstance, SDCP will have received deliveries in 2021 and 2022 under the same long-term contract as those that will be allocated to SDCP; herein lies significant value to SDCP. If, for whatever reason, the allocation process is modified or delayed, deliveries under this contract will continue for at least ten years to ensure that energy purchased will still be considered delivered under a long-term contract.

Because SDCP is interested in maximizing the buildout of incremental renewable energy generation projects, staff have worked to negotiate annual contract quantities that enable SDCP to meet its near-term requirements for long-term contracting while not restricting SDCP’s future procurement from new-build projects to be solicited and contracted in the coming years. In addition, should the VAMO allocation process be implemented in 2023, staff expect the annual contract quantities to be overwritten by the renewable energy volumes that SDCP elects via the allocation process, which will allow SDCP another opportunity to fine-tune its long-term renewable energy quantities purchased under this transaction once it has additional certainty regarding current and future retail load, compliance requirements, and long-term supply contracts.
Contract EEI Agreement Confirmation Between SDG&E and SDCP for Purchase of Long-term Renewable Energy
- Project: Various wind and solar projects within SDG&E’s portfolio of long-term renewable energy facilities
- Delivery Term start: Q4, 2021
- Contract term: ~12 years
- Renewable energy price: Indexed to market prices
- No credit or collateral obligations for SDCP

COMMITTEE REVIEW
The Board authorized SDCP to enter into an EEI Master Agreement “and related documents…to complete renewable energy transactions with SDG&E” on January 28, 2021 (Resolution 2021-02).

FISCAL IMPACT
The pricing of the PPA is confidential, but the long-term purchase of renewable energy at index-based prices will provide planning certainty, diversity within SDCP’s power supply cost portfolio, and contribute to SDCP’s achievement of its renewable targets and regulatory compliance requirements over the term of this PPA.

ATTACHMENTS
Attachment A: EEI Agreement Confirmation Between SDG&E and SDCP for Purchase of Long-term Renewable Energy
This confirmation letter ("Confirmation") confirms the transaction ("Transaction") between San Diego Gas & Electric Company ("Seller" or "SDG&E" or "Party B") and San Diego Community Power, a California joint powers authority ("Buyer" or "SDCP" or "Party A"), each individually a "Party" and together the "Parties", effective as of ____________, 2021 (the "Confirmation Effective Date"). This Transaction is governed by the EEI Master Power Purchase & Sale Agreement, effective as of ____________, 2021, along with any amendments and annexes executed between the Parties thereto (the "Master Agreement"). The Master Agreement and this Confirmation shall be collectively referred to herein as the "Agreement." Capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined in this Confirmation have the meanings ascribed to them in the Master Agreement, Tariff or California Renewables Portfolio Standard ("RPS") (as defined below). If any term in this Confirmation conflicts with the Master Agreement, the definitions set forth in this Confirmation shall supersede.

ARTICLE 1. COMMERCIAL TERMS

The Parties hereby agree that the General Terms and Conditions are incorporated herein, and to the following provisions as provided for in the General Terms and Conditions:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product:</th>
<th>The &quot;Product&quot; is electric energy and associated Green Attributes generated from the Project. During the Delivery Period, Seller shall deliver and sell, and Buyer shall purchase and receive, the Contract Quantity of this Product, subject to the terms and conditions of this Confirmation. Seller shall not substitute or purchase any Green Attributes from any generating resource other than the Project for delivery hereunder.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Project:</td>
<td>All Product sold by Seller to Buyer hereunder shall be from the facilities listed in Exhibit A with Long-Term Contracts and otherwise meeting the representations in Article 6 herein (the &quot;Project&quot;). Seller may amend the list of facilities in Exhibit A from time to time by giving Buyer fifteen (15) Business Days prior written notice of any change; provided however, if Seller wishes to add a facility to Exhibit A which is not powered by solar, wind, or hydroelectric energy, whether or not hybrid facility, and which is not allocated to Buyer as mandated per then-existing applicable law, then Buyer has the right to deny consent of such change within ten (10) Business Days of Seller’s notice to amend the Project. Buyer’s consent shall not be unreasonably withheld.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contract Capacity</td>
<td>In any hour throughout the Delivery Term, the “Contract Capacity” shall be, in MW, as determined by Seller.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contract Quantity:</td>
<td>Except as stated herein, beginning with the commencement of the Delivery Period until the Allocation Start Date, the applicable “Contract Quantity” for each calendar year shall be the Annual Delivery Amount for the calendar year set forth below; provided, however, that if Condition Precedent Satisfaction Date occurs after November 1, 2021, the 2021 Contract Quantity shall be an amount equal to __________ MWh per month for the 2021 calendar year. Any quantities not delivered</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
in 2021 due to delay in the Condition Precedent Satisfaction Date past November 1, 2021 will be added to the volume for calendar year 2022 and shall be calculated as (i) [MWh] MWh minus (ii) the sum of actual deliveries in the 2021 calendar year.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Annual Delivery Amount (MWh)</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2021</td>
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<tr>
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<td>2032</td>
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<td>2033</td>
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</table>

Commencing on the Allocation Start Date and continuing through the remainder of the Delivery Period, the applicable Contract Quantity to be delivered in any calendar year shall be Buyer's Long-Term RPS Energy Allocation, as defined below. If such Allocation Start Date occurs after January 1st during any applicable calendar year of the Delivery Period, the Contract Quantity for that calendar year only shall be ratably allocated between the Annual Delivery Amount and Buyer’s Long-Term RPS Energy Allocation as follows:

\[
\text{[(the then-current Annual Delivery Amount) x (the number of calendar days between January 1st and the Allocation Start Date / the number of days in the calendar year)] + [(the then-current Buyer’s Long-Term RPS Energy Allocation) x (the number of calendar days between the Allocation Start Date and December 31st / the number of days in the calendar year)]}
\]

If the CPUC modifies [the methodology or timing for determining, or the date the new election takes effect in,] (i) the forecasted annual load share applicable to subsection (ii) of the calculation of Buyer’s Long-Term RPS Energy Allocation such that allocations are changed on a date other than January 1st of any calendar year (other than on the Allocation Start Date, as address above), the Contract Quantity for that calendar year only shall be:

\[
\text{[(the new annual Buyer’s Long-Term RPS Energy Allocation) x (the number of calendar days between January 1st and the start of the new annual Buyer’s Long-Term RPS Energy Allocation amount / the number of days in the calendar year)] + [(the most recent Buyer’s Long-Term RPS Energy Allocation) x (the number of calendar days between the start of the new annual Buyer’s Long-Term RPS Energy Allocation amount and December 31st / the number of days in the calendar year)]}
\]

“Buyer’s Long-Term RPS Energy Allocation” means the quantity of Product to be delivered from the Project during the applicable calendar year in an amount equal to the product of: (i) Buyer’s election percentage applicable to the voluntary allocation ; (ii) Buyer’s forecasted annual load share, incorporating its then current vintage composition, in accordance with the methodology required by Ordering Paragraph 7 of D.21-05-030 or applicable successor decision; and (iii) the quantity of generation from Long-Term Contracts within Seller’s PCIA-eligible
RPS Energy Portfolio.

If, during the Delivery Term of this Agreement, CPUC action results in an allocation of all or a portion of generation of Seller’s PCIA-eligible RPS Energy Portfolio without a MWh-for-MWh reduction to account for the quantities sold under this Confirmation (the “Double Count Amount”), then Buyer’s Long-Term RPS Energy Allocation shall be reduced on a MWh-per-MWh basis for the Double Count Amount.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Index Price:</td>
<td>“Index Price” means the CAISO Integrated Forward Market Day-Ahead price (as such term is defined in the Tariff) for SP15 for each applicable hour as published by the CAISO.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Green Attributes Price:</td>
<td>The Green Attributes Price applicable to the Product delivered to Buyer in each calendar year during the Delivery Term shall be</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Term:</td>
<td>The “Term” of this Transaction shall commence upon the Confirmation Effective Date and shall continue until delivery by Seller to Buyer of the Contract Quantity of the Product has been completed and all other obligations of the Parties under this Agreement have been satisfied, unless terminated earlier due to failure to satisfy the Condition Precedent or as otherwise provided for in the Agreement.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delivery Period:</td>
<td>The “Delivery Period” of this Transaction shall commence on the first Business Day following the Condition Precedent Satisfaction Date (the “Start Date”) and shall continue until midnight on December 31, 2033;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delivery Point:</td>
<td>The “Delivery Point” shall be TH_SP15_GEN-APND.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Delivery Obligation: The obligation to provide the Contract Quantity is a firm obligation in that Seller shall deliver the quantity of the Product from the Project, instantaneously with its receipt of such Product, consistent with the terms of this Confirmation without excuse other than Force Majeure.

Scheduling Obligations: Seller, or a qualified third party designated by Seller, shall act as Scheduling Coordinator. Buyer hereby authorizes Seller, or its third-party Scheduling Coordinator designee, to deliver the Product, or cause the Product to be delivered, to the CAISO at the Delivery Point.

Condition Precedent: The commencement of the Delivery Period in accordance with Section 3 below shall be contingent upon Seller obtaining or waiving CPUC approval as described in this Confirmation, including approval that, as of the Allocation Start Date, Buyer’s Long-Term RPS Energy Allocation, shall be deemed to be included in Buyer’s load share allocation of the PCIA-eligible RPS Energy Portfolio, as defined in D.21-05-030,. Either Party has the right to terminate this Confirmation upon notice in accordance with Section 10.7 of the Master Agreement, which will be effective five (5) Business Days after such notice is given, if: (i) the CPUC does not issue a final and non-appealable order approving this Agreement or the requested relief contained in the related advice letter filing, both in their entirety, (ii) the CPUC issues a final and non-appealable order which contains conditions or modifications unacceptable to either Party, or (iii) the final and non-appealable CPUC approval has not been obtained by Seller, on or before December 31, 2021.

The date on which CPUC approval of this Confirmation has been satisfied or waived, by Seller, in its sole discretion, shall hereinafter be the “Condition Precedent Satisfaction Date.”

If the Condition Precedent Satisfaction Date has not occurred on or before December 31, 2021, either Party may terminate this Agreement without further liability. [Any termination made by a Party under this section shall be without liability or obligation to the other Party.

Notwithstanding any other provision in this Confirmation, Seller will have no obligation to transfer Green Attributes to Buyer unless the Condition Precedent Satisfaction Date has occurred.

ARTICLE 2. DEFINITIONS

“Allocation Start Date” means the date on which the CPUC determines that Buyer’s Long-Term RPS Energy Allocation should commence.

“Alternate Market Index Price” shall be the PCIA Market Price Benchmark Forecast Adder for Energy specific to the SDG&E service territory (in $/MWh), as published in the Calculation of the Market Price Benchmarks for the Power Charge Indifference Adjustment Forecast and True Up, and originally implemented by pursuant to D.19-10-001.

“Alternate Monthly REC Market Price” shall be the Platts California Bundled REC (Bucket 1) Midpoint Price (in $/MWh) published in the last week of the month prior to the applicable month that the Product is delivered.

“Annual True-Up” has the meaning set forth in Section 5.4(a), below.

“Buyer” means “Purchaser”.

“Buyer’s Long-Term RPS Energy Allocation” has the meaning set forth above in the Contract Quantity section of this Confirmation.


“Calculation Period” has the meaning set forth in Section 5.1, below.

“California Renewables Portfolio Standard” or “RPS” means the renewable energy program and policies established by California State Senate Bills 1078, X1 - 2 and 350, codified in California Public Utilities Code Sections 399.11 through 399.32 and California Public Resources Code Sections 25740 through 25751, as such provisions are amended or supplemented from time to time.

“Condition Precedent Satisfaction Date” means the date on which CPUC approval, as fully described in the “Condition Precedent” provision, has been satisfied or waived, by Seller, in its sole discretion.

“Contract Capacity” means the amount determined by Seller in accordance with the Scheduling Obligations section of this Confirmation.

“CEC” means the California Energy Commission, or its regulatory successor.

"CPUC" means the California Public Utilities Commission, or its regulatory successor.

"CPUC Approval" means a final and non-appealable order of the CPUC, without conditions or modifications unacceptable to the Parties, or either, of them, which contains the following terms:

   (a) Approves this Agreement in its entirety, including payments to be made by the Buyer, subject to CPUC review of the Buyer's administration of the Agreement; and

   (b) Finds that any procurement pursuant to this Agreement is procurement from an eligible renewable energy resource for purposes of determining Buyer's compliance with any obligation that it may have to procure eligible renewable energy resources pursuant to the California Renewables Portfolio Standard (Public Utilities Code Section 399.11 et seq.), Decision 03-06-071, or other applicable law.

CPUC Approval will be deemed to have occurred on the date that a CPUC decision containing such findings becomes final and non-appealable. [STC REC-3 – CPUC APPROVAL, NON-MODIFIABLE]

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if a Tier 2 or Tier 3 advice letter process is used to obtain CPUC Approval of this Agreement, CPUC Approval will also be deemed to have occurred on the date that a CPUC Energy Division disposition which contains such findings or deems approved an advice letter requesting such findings becomes final and non-appealable.

“Day-Ahead” has the meaning set forth in the Tariff.

“Delivery Period” means “Delivery Term”.

“Governmental Authority” means any federal, state, local or municipal government, governmental department, commission, board, bureau, agency, or instrumentality, or any judicial, regulatory or administrative body, having jurisdiction as to the matter in question.

"Green Attributes" means any and all credits, benefits, emissions reductions, offsets, and allowances, howsoever entitled, attributable to the generation from the Project, and its avoided emission of pollutants. Green Attributes include but are not limited to Renewable Energy Credits, as well as:

   (i) any avoided emission of pollutants to the air, soil or water such as sulfur oxides (SOx), nitrogen oxides (NOx), carbon monoxide (CO) and other pollutants;
(ii) any avoided emissions of carbon dioxide (CO2), methane (CH4), nitrous oxide, hydrofluorocarbons, perfluorocarbons, sulfur hexafluoride and other greenhouse gases (GHGs) that have been determined by the United Nations Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change, or otherwise by law, to contribute to the actual or potential threat of altering the Earth’s climate by trapping heat in the atmosphere;¹

(iii) the reporting rights to these avoided emissions, such as Green Tag Reporting Rights. Green Tag Reporting Rights are the right of a Green Tag Purchaser to report the ownership of accumulated Green Tags in compliance with federal or state law, if applicable, and to a federal or state agency or any other party at the Green Tag Purchaser’s discretion, and include without limitation those Green Tag Reporting Rights accruing under Section 1605(b) of The Energy Policy Act of 1992 and any present or future federal, state, or local law, regulation or bill, and international or foreign emissions trading program. Green Tags are accumulated on a MWh basis and one Green Tag represents the Green Attributes associated with one (1) MWh of Energy.

Green Attributes do not include;

(i) any energy, capacity, reliability or other power attributes from the Project,

(ii) production tax credits associated with the construction or operation of the Project and other financial incentives in the form of credits, reductions, or allowances associated with the Project that are applicable to a state or federal income taxation obligation,

(iii) fuel-related subsidies or “tipping fees” that may be paid to Seller to accept certain fuels, or local subsidies received by the generator for the destruction of particular preexisting pollutants or the promotion of local environmental benefits, or

(iv) emission reduction credits encumbered or used by the Project for compliance with local, state, or federal operating and/or air quality permits.

If the Project is a biomass or biogas facility and Seller receives any tradable Green Attributes based on the greenhouse gas reduction benefits or other emission offsets attributed to its fuel usage, it shall provide Buyer with sufficient Green Attributes to ensure that there are zero net emissions associated with the production of electricity from the Project. [STC 2 – GREEN ATTRIBUTES, NON-MODIFIABLE]

“Integrated Forward Market” has the meaning set forth in the Tariff.

“Long-Term Contract” means any RPS power purchase and sale agreement between Seller and a third party generator which has at least ten (10) years remaining in its original delivery term as of the Start Date or, for facilities added to Exhibit A after the Start Date, the the date when its generation facilities are added to Exhibit A, [from which Seller shall re-sell Product to Buyer under this Agreement for at least ten (10) years, and which otherwise meets Seller’s representations and warranties set forth in Article 6 of this Agreement.

“Market Disruption Event” has the meaning set forth above in the in the Green Attributes Price.

“Monthly Cash Settlement Amount” has the meaning set forth in Section 5.2, below.

“Monthly REC Market Price” has the meaning set forth above in the in the Green Attributes Price.

“PCIA” means the Power Charge Indifference Adjustment in D.18-10-019 and subsequent decisions.

“PCIA-eligible RPS Energy Portfolio” means the portion of Seller’s energy supply portfolio determined to be eligible for allocation pursuant to the final and non-appealable CPUC D.21-05-030 or other Governmental Authority action.

“Tariff” means the tariff and protocol provisions, including any current CAISO-published “Operating Procedures” and “Business Practice Manuals,” as amended or supplemented from time to time, of the CAISO.

¹ Avoided emissions may or may not have any value for GHG compliance purposes. Although avoided emissions are included in the list of Green Attributes, this inclusion does not create any right to use those avoided emissions to comply with any GHG regulatory program.
"True-Up Payment" has the meaning set forth in Section 5.4(a), below.

"Vintage" means the calendar year and month during the Delivery Period in which the WREGIS Certificate is created through the generation of the Product.

"WREGIS" means the Western Renewable Energy Generation Information System or other process recognized under applicable laws for the registration, transfer or ownership of Green Attributes.

"WREGIS Certificate" means "Certificate" as defined by WREGIS in the WREGIS Operating Rules.

"WREGIS Operating Rules" means the operating rules and requirements adopted by WREGIS.

ARTICLE 3. CONVEYANCE OF RENEWABLE ENERGY

3.1. Seller’s Conveyance Of Electric Energy

Except as stated in this Section 3.1 and beginning on the first day of the Delivery Period and throughout all applicable months of the Delivery Period, Seller shall deliver and sell, and Buyer shall purchase and receive, the Product, subject to the terms and conditions of this Confirmation. Seller will not be obligated to sell or replace any Product that is not or cannot be delivered as a result of Force Majeure. The Parties recognize that a schedule of energy to the CAISO balancing authority area is a delivery to the CAISO and not directly to Buyer. Scheduling Energy to the CAISO balancing authority area shall constitute delivery of the Product to Buyer, provided the WREGIS Certificates evidencing the RECs comprised in the Product are delivered to Buyer as provided in this Confirmation.

Should any electric energy provided by Seller under this Confirmation be determined to have originated from a resource other than the Project, Seller shall remedy such failure in a manner reasonably acceptable to Buyer within a reasonable period of time after written notice of such failure is given to Seller by Buyer.

3.2. Seller’s Conveyance Of Green Attributes

(a) Green Attributes. Seller hereby provides and conveys all Green Attributes associated with all electricity generation from the Project to Buyer as part of the Product being delivered. Seller represents and warrants that Seller holds the rights to all Green Attributes from the Project, and Seller agrees to convey and hereby conveys all such Green Attributes to Buyer as included in the delivery of the Product from the Project. The Green Attributes are delivered and conveyed upon completion of all actions described in Section 3.2(b) below.

(b) Green Attributes Initially Credited to Seller’s WREGIS Account

(i) During the Delivery Period, Seller, at its own cost and expense, shall maintain its registration with WREGIS. All Green Attributes transferred by Seller hereunder shall be designated California RPS-compliant with WREGIS. Seller shall, at its sole expense, use WREGIS as required pursuant to the WREGIS Operating Rules to effectuate the transfer of Green Attributes to Buyer in accordance with WREGIS reporting protocols and WREGIS Operating Rules.

(ii) For each applicable month of the Delivery Period, Seller shall deliver and convey the Green Attributes associated with the electric energy delivered in Section 3.1 within five (5) Business Days after the end of the month in which the WREGIS Certificates for the Green Attributes are created by properly transferring such WREGIS Certificates, in accordance with the rules and regulations of WREGIS, equivalent to the quantity of Green Attributes to Buyer into Buyer’s WREGIS account such that all right, title and interest in and to the WREGIS Certificates shall transfer from Seller to Buyer.

(iii) In addition to its other obligations under this Section 3.2, Seller shall convey to Buyer WREGIS Certificates from the Project that are of the same Vintage as the Product that was provided under Section 3.1 of this Confirmation.
ARTICLE 4. PERFORMANCE ASSURANCE; CPUC FILING AND APPROVAL

Notwithstanding anything herein or in the Master Agreement to the contrary, Performance Assurance shall not be required from either Party in connection with this Transaction.

4.2. CPUC Filing and Approval
Within fifteen (15) Business Days after the Confirmation Effective Date, Seller shall file with the CPUC, via tier 3 advice letter, a request for CPUC approval of this Agreement and possibly other RPS sales agreements. Seller shall seek CPUC approval of the filing, including promptly responding to any requests for information related to the request for CPUC approval. Buyer shall use commercially reasonable efforts to support Seller in obtaining CPUC approval. Seller and Buyer have no obligation to seek rehearing or to appeal a CPUC decision which fails to approve this Agreement, or which fails to meet the requirements contained in the Condition Precedent section. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Confirmation, Seller shall not have any obligation or liability to Buyer or any third party for any action or inaction of the CPUC or other Governmental Authority affecting the approval or status of this Confirmation as a transaction eligible for portfolio content category, as defined in California Public Utilities Code Section 399.16(b)(1).

ARTICLE 5. COMPENSATION

5.1. Calculation Period
The “Calculation Period” shall be each calendar month, or portion thereof, during the Delivery Period.

5.2. Monthly Cash Settlement Amount
Buyer shall pay Seller the “Monthly Cash Settlement Amount,” in arrears, for each Calculation Period in the amount equal to the sum of (a) plus (b) minus (c), where:

(a) equals the sum, over all hours of the Calculation Period, of the applicable Index Price for each hour, multiplied by the quantity of CAISO Energy scheduled, delivered and received by Buyer pursuant to Section 3.1 during that hour;

(b) equals the product of the Green Attributes Price multiplied by the lesser of (i) the CAISO Energy scheduled, delivered and received by Buyer pursuant to Section 3.1 during that hour, and (ii) the quantity of Green Attributes (in MWhs) Seller expects to deliver or credit to Buyer’s WREGIS account pursuant to Section 3.2 during the applicable Calculation Period; and,

(c) equals the sum, over all hours of the Calculation Period, of the applicable Index Price for each hour, multiplied by the quantity of CAISO Energy scheduled, delivered and received by Buyer pursuant to Section 3.1 during that hour.

5.3. Payment Date
Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in Article 6 of the Master Agreement, payments of each Monthly Cash Settlement Amount by Buyer to Seller under this Confirmation shall be made in arrears and due and payable on or before the later of (i) the twentieth (20th) day of the month in which Buyer receives from Seller an invoice for the Calculation Period to which the Monthly Cash Settlement Amount pertains, and (ii) ten (10) Business Days following Buyer’s receipt of an invoice issued by Seller for the applicable Calculation Period, provided that, if such day is not a Business Day, then on the next Business Day. The invoice shall include a statement detailing the quantity of Product delivered to Buyer during the applicable Calculation Period from each generating facility in the Project. Parties acknowledge that, due to the timing of their creation in WREGIS, Green Attributes may not have been delivered to Buyer at the time of invoice
or payment for the Calculation Period with which they are associated. Seller shall timely transfer Green Attributes to Buyer after their creation in WREGIS in accordance with Section 3.2.

Invoices to Buyer will be sent by Excel/PDF format via email to Buyer's Invoice Contact set forth above in Contact Information, and for purposes of this Confirmation, Buyer shall be deemed to have received an invoice upon the receipt of the Excel/PDF format of the invoice. Payment to Seller shall be made by electronic funds transfer pursuant to the Wire Transfer instructions set forth above in Contract Information.

5.4. Annual True-Up

(a) Monthly Cash Settlement Amount Annual True-Up. Seller shall calculate a true-up ("Annual True-Up") for each Calculation Period in which

multiplied by (ii) the quantity of Product (in MWhs) that Seller delivered to Buyer and for which Seller has already issued an invoice to Buyer (the "True-Up Payment"). If the True-Up Payment is a positive amount, such amount is owed by Seller to Buyer, and if the True-Up Payment is a negative amount, such amount is owed by Buyer to Seller.

(b) True-up Invoices and Payments. Within thirty (30) Business Days after

Seller shall issue an invoice to Buyer for amounts owed by, or due to, Seller, as applicable, resulting from the Annual True-Up. Payment for the Annual true-up shall be due and payable by the owing party on or before the later of (i) the twentieth (20th) day of the month in which Seller issues a True-Up Payment invoice and (ii) ten (10) Business Days following Buyer's receipt of the invoice issued by Seller for the True-Up Payment, provided that, if such day is not a Business Day, then on the next Business Day.

ARTICLE 6. SELLER’S REPRESENTATIONS, WARRANTIES AND COVENANTS

(a) Seller, and, if applicable, its successors, represents and warrants that throughout the Delivery Term of this Agreement that:

(i) the Project qualifies and is certified by the CEC as an Eligible Renewable Energy Resource ("ERR") as such term is defined in Public Utilities Code Section 399.12 or Section 399.16; and

(ii) the Project’s output delivered to Buyer qualifies under the requirements of the California Renewables Portfolio Standard. To the extent a change in law occurs after execution of this Agreement that causes this representation and warranty to be materially false or misleading, it shall not be an Event of Default if Seller has used commercially reasonable efforts to comply with such change in law. [STC 6, NON-MODIFIABLE]

(b) Seller and, if applicable, its successors, represents and warrants that throughout the Delivery Term of this Agreement the Renewable Energy Credits transferred to Buyer conform to the definition and attributes required for compliance with the California Renewables Portfolio Standard, as set forth in California Public Utilities Commission Decision 08-08-028, and as may be modified by subsequent decision of the California Public Utilities Commission or by subsequent legislation. To the extent a change in law occurs after execution of this Agreement that causes this representation and warranty to be materially false or misleading, it shall not be an Event of Default if Seller has used commercially reasonable efforts to comply with such change in law. [STC REC-1, NON-MODIFIABLE]

(c) Seller warrants that all necessary steps to allow the Renewable Energy Credits transferred to Buyer to be tracked in the Western Renewable Energy Generation Information System will be taken prior to the first delivery under the contract. [STC REC-2, NON-MODIFIABLE]

(d) For the avoidance of doubt, the term "contract" as used in the immediately preceding paragraph means this Confirmation.
(e) The term “commercially reasonable efforts” as set forth in this Article 6 shall not require Seller to incur out-of-pocket expenses in excess of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) in the aggregate in any one calendar year between the Confirmation Effective Date and the last day of the Delivery Period.

(f) In addition to the foregoing, Seller warrants, represents and covenants, as of the Confirmation Effective Date and throughout the Delivery Period, that:

(i) Seller has the contractual rights to sell all right, title, and interest in the Product agreed to be delivered hereunder;
(ii) Seller has not sold the Product to be delivered under this Confirmation to any other person or entity;
(iii) At the time of delivery, all rights, title, and interest in the Product to be delivered under this Confirmation are free and clear of all liens, taxes, claims, security interests, or other encumbrances of any kind whatsoever;
(iv) The facilities included in the Project each: (a) have a first point of interconnection with a California balancing authority, or (b) have a first point of interconnection with distribution facilities used to serve end users within a California balancing authority area, or (c) are scheduled from the eligible renewable energy resource into a California balancing authority without substituting electricity from another source;
(v) This Agreement transfers only bundled Energy and Green Attributes that have been generated on or after the commencement of the Delivery Period; and
(vi) All Product sold hereunder will be from Long-Term Contracts.

ARTICLE 7. GENERAL PROVISIONS

7.1 Audit.

Buyer may, at its sole expense and during normal working hours, examine the records of Seller to the extent reasonably necessary to verify the accuracy of any statement or charge, including aggregated amounts of Delivered Energy or Scheduled Energy; however such audit rights will not apply to the output or other confidential or proprietary information of individual generation facilities.

7.2 Governing Law. For purposes of this Transaction, the first two sentences in Section 10.6 of the Master Agreement are deleted entirely and replaced with the following:

“This agreement and the rights and duties of the parties hereunder shall be governed by and construed, enforced and performed in accordance with the laws of the state of California, without regard to principles of conflicts of law. To the extent enforceable at such time, each party waives its respective right to any jury trial with respect to any litigation arising under or in connection with this agreement.” [STC 17 – APPLICABLE LAW, NON-MODIFIABLE]

7.3 Terminated Transaction.
ACKNOWLEDGED AND AGREED TO AS OF THE CONFIRMATION EFFECTIVE DATE:

SAN DIEGO GAS & ELECTRIC COMPANY, a California corporation

BY: _____________________________

NAME: ___________________________

TITLE: ___________________________

SAN DIEGO COMMUNITY POWER, a California joint powers authority

BY: _____________________________

NAME: ___________________________

TITLE: ___________________________

_______ APPROVED AS TO LEGAL FORM
## EXHIBIT A

TO THE CONFIRMATION BETWEEN SAN DIEGO COMMUNITY POWER AND SAN DIEGO GAS & ELECTRIC COMPANY

DATED: JUNE [ ], 2021

### PROJECT FACILITIES

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Facility</th>
<th>CAISO Resource ID</th>
<th>Capacity (MW)</th>
<th>Technology</th>
<th>Date Signed</th>
<th>Commercial Operation Date</th>
<th>Term</th>
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<th>WREGIS GU ID</th>
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GLOSSARY OF TERMS

CAISO – California Independent System Operator - a non-profit independent system operator that oversees the operation of the California bulk electric power system, transmission lines and electricity market generated and transmitted by its members (~80% of California’s electric flow). Its stated mission is to “operate the grid reliably and efficiently, provide fair and open transmission access, promote environmental stewardship and facilitate effective markets and promote infrastructure development. CAISO is regulated by FERC and governed by a five-member governing board appointed by the governor.

CALCCA – California Community Choice Association – Association made up of Community Choice Aggregation (CCA) groups which represents the interests of California’s community choice electricity providers.

CARB – California Air Resources Board – The CARB is charged with protecting the public from the harmful effects of air pollution and developing programs and actions to fight climate change in California.

CEC – California Energy Commission

CPUC – California Public Utility Commission

C&I – Commercial and Industrial – Business customers

CP – Compliance Period – Time period to become RPS compliant, set by the CPUC (California Public Utilities Commission)

DA – Direct Access – An option that allows eligible customers to purchase their electricity directly from third party providers known as Electric Service Providers (ESP).

DA Cap – the maximum amount of electric usage that may be allocated to Direct Access customers in California, or more specifically, within an Investor-Owned Utility service territory.

DA Lottery – a random drawing by which DA waitlist customers become eligible to enroll in DA service under the currently-applicable Direct Access Cap.

DA Waitlist – customers that have officially registered their interest in becoming a DA customer but are not yet able to enroll in service because of DA cap limitations.

DAC – Disadvantaged Community

DASR – Direct Access Service Request – Request submitted by C&I to become direct access eligible.

Demand - The rate at which electric energy is delivered to or by a system or part of a system, generally expressed in kilowatts (kW), megawatts (MW), or gigawatts (GW), at a given instant or averaged over any designated interval of time. Demand should not be confused with Load or Energy.
**DER – Distributed Energy Resource** – A small-scale physical or virtual asset (e.g. EV charger, smart thermostat, behind-the-meter solar/storage, energy efficiency) that operates locally and is connected to a larger power grid at the distribution level.

**Distribution** - The delivery of electricity to the retail customer’s home or business through low voltage distribution lines.

**DLAP – Default Load Aggregation Point** – In the CAISO’s electricity optimization model, DLAP is the node at which all bids for demand should be submitted and settled. SVCE settles its CAISO load at the PG&E DLAP as SVCE is in the PG&E transmission access charge area.

**DR – Demand Response** - An opportunity for consumers to play a significant role in the operation of the electric grid by reducing or shifting their electricity usage during peak periods in response to time-based rates or other forms of financial incentives.

**DWR – Department of Water Resources** – DWR manages California’s water resources, systems, and infrastructure in a responsible, sustainable way.

**ELCC – Effective Load Carrying Capacity** – The additional load met by an incremental generator while maintaining the same level of system reliability. For solar and wind resources the ELCC is the amount of capacity which can be counted for Resource Adequacy purposes.

**EPIC – Electric Program Investment Charge** – The EPIC program was created by the CPUC to support investments in clean energy technologies that provide benefits to the electricity ratepayers of PG&E, San Diego Gas & Electric Company (SDG&E), and Southern California Edison Company (SCE).

**ERRA – Energy Resource Recovery Account** – ERRA proceedings are used to determine fuel and purchased power costs which can be recovered in rates. The utilities do not earn a rate of return on these costs, and only recover actual costs. The costs are forecast for the year ahead. If the actual costs are lower than forecast, then the utility gives money back, and vice versa.

**ESP – Energy Service Provider** - An energy entity that provides service to a retail or end-use customer.

**EV – Electric Vehicle**

**GHG – Greenhouse gas** - water vapor, carbon dioxide, tropospheric ozone, nitrous oxide, methane, and chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs). A gas that causes the atmosphere to trap heat radiating from the earth. The most common GHG is Carbon Dioxide, though Methane and others have this effect as well.

**GRC – General Rate Case** – Proceedings used to address the costs of operating and maintaining the utility system and the allocation of those costs among customer classes. For California’s three large IOUs, the GRCs are parsed into two phases. Phase I of a GRC determines the total amount the utility is authorized to collect, while Phase II determines the share of the cost each customer class is responsible and the rate schedules for each class. Each large electric utility files a GRC application every three years for review by the Public Advocates Office and interested parties and approval by the CPUC.

**GWh – Gigawatt-hour** - The unit of energy equal to that expended in one hour at a rate of one billion watts. One GWh equals 1,000 megawatt-hours.

**IEP – Independent Energy Producers** – California’s oldest and leading nonprofit trade association, representing the interest of developers and operators of independent energy facilities and independent power marketers.

IRP – Integrated Resource Plan – A plan which outlines an electric utility’s resource needs in order to meet expected electricity demand long-term.

kW – Kilowatt – Measure of power where power (watts) = voltage (volts) x amperage (amps) and 1 kW = 1000 watts

kWh – Kilowatt-hour – This is a measure of consumption. It is the amount of electricity that is used over some period of time, typically a one-month period for billing purposes. Customers are charged a rate per kWh of electricity used.

LCFS – Low Carbon Fuel Standard – A CARB program designed to encourage the use of cleaner low-carbon fuels in California, encourage the production of those fuels, and therefore, reduce greenhouse gas emissions.

LCR – Local (RA) Capacity Requirements – The amount of Resource Adequacy capacity required to be demonstrated in a specific location or zone.

LMP – Locational Marginal Price – Each generator unit and load pocket is assigned a node in the CAISO optimization model. The model will assign an LMP to the node in both the day- ahead and real time market as it balances the system using the least cost. The LMP is comprised of three components: the marginal cost of energy, congestion and losses. The LMP is used to financially settle transactions in the CAISO.

Load – An end use device or customer that receives power from an energy delivery system. Load should not be confused with Demand, which is the measure of power that a load receives or requires. See Demand.

LSE – Load-serving Entity – Entities that have been granted authority by state, local law or regulation to serve their own load directly through wholesale energy purchases and have chosen to exercise that authority.

NEM – Net Energy Metering – A program in which solar customers receive credit for excess electricity generated by solar panels.

NRDC – Natural Resources Defense Council

OIR – Order Instituting Rulemaking – A procedural document that is issued by the CPUC to start a formal proceeding. A draft OIR is issued for comment by interested parties and made final by vote of the five Commissioners of the CPUC.

MW – Megawatt – measure of power. A megawatt equals 1,000 kilowatts or 1 million watts.

MWH – Megawatt-hour – measure of energy

NP-15 – North Path 15 – NP-15 is a CAISO pricing zone usually used to approximate wholesale electricity prices in northern California in PG&E’s service territory.

PCC1 – RPS Portfolio Content Category 1 – Bundled renewables where the energy and REC are dynamically scheduled into a California Balancing Authority (CBA) such as the CAISO. Also known as “in-state” renewables

PCC2 – RPS Portfolio Content Category 2 – Bundled renewables where the energy and REC are from out-of-state and not dynamically scheduled to a CBA.
PCIA or “exit fee” - Power Charge Indifference Adjustment (PCIA) is an “exit fee” based on stranded costs of utility generation set by the California Public Utilities Commission. It is calculated annually and assessed to customers of CCAs and paid to the IOU that lost those customers as a result of the formation of a CCA.

PCL – Power Content Label – A user-friendly way of displaying information to California consumers about the energy resources used to generate the electricity they sell, as required by AB 162 (Statute of 2009) and Senate Bill 1305 (Statutes of 1997).

PD – Proposed Decision – A procedural document in a CPUC Rulemaking process that is formally commented on by Parties to the proceeding. A PD is a precursor to a final Decision voted on by the five Commissioners of the CPUC.

Pnode – Pricing Node – In the CAISO optimization model, it is a point where a physical injection or withdrawal of energy is modeled and for which a LMP is calculated.

PPA – Power Purchase Agreement – A contract used to purchase the energy, capacity and attributes from a renewable resource project.

RA – Resource Adequacy - Under its Resource Adequacy (RA) program, the California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC) requires load-serving entities—both independently owned utilities and electric service providers—to demonstrate in both monthly and annual filings that they have purchased capacity commitments of no less than 115% of their peak loads.

RE – Renewable Energy - Energy from a source that is not depleted when used, such as wind or solar power.

REC - Renewable Energy Certificate - A REC is the property right to the environmental benefits associated with generating renewable electricity. For instance, homeowners who generate solar electricity are credited with 1 solar REC for every MWh of electricity they produce. Utilities obligated to fulfill an RPS requirement can purchase these RECs on the open market.

RPS - Renewable Portfolio Standard - Law that requires CA utilities and other load serving entities (including CCAs) to provide an escalating percentage of CA qualified renewable power (culminating at 33% by 2020) in their annual energy portfolio.

SCE – Southern California Edison

SDG&E – San Diego Gas & Electric

SGIP – Self-Generation Incentive Program – A program which provides incentives to support existing, new, and emerging distributed energy resources (storage, wind turbines, waste heat to power technologies, etc.)

TCR EPS Protocol – The Climate Registry Electric Power Sector Protocol – Online tools and resources provided by The Climate Registry to assist organizations to measure, report, and reduce carbon emissions.

Time-of-Use (TOU) Rates – The pricing of delivered electricity based on the estimated cost of electricity during a particular time-block. Time-of-use rates are usually divided into three or four time-blocks per 24 hour period (on-peak, midpeak, off-peak and sometimes super off-peak) and by seasons of the year (summer and winter). Real time pricing differs from TOU rates in that it is
based on actual (as opposed to forecasted) prices that may fluctuate many times a day and are weather sensitive, rather than varying with a fixed schedule.

**TURN – The Utility Reform Network** - A ratepayer advocacy group charged with ensuring that California IOUs implement just and reasonable rates.

**Unbundled RECs** - Renewable energy certificates that verify a purchase of a MWH unit of renewable power where the actual power and the certificate are “unbundled” and sold to different buyers.

**VPP – Virtual Power Plant** – A cloud-based network that leverages an aggregation of distributed energy resources (DERs) to shift energy demand or provide services to the grid. For example, thousands of EV chargers could charge at a slower speed and hundreds of home batteries could discharge to the grid during a demand peak to significantly reduce the procurement of traditional supply resources.